FermentActive Ginger

150 g / Code FE2279



Ginger fermentation transforms 6-shogaol into the bioactive form 6-paradol, mimicking natural fermentation in the intestine. Add it to your smoothies, herbal teas, soups, stews or baked goods to enhance both their flavour and nutritional benefits.



HEALTH CLAIMS (EU Regulation 432/2012): Ginger aids digestion and contributes to normal bowel function. It helps the body's natural defences and supports the **immune system**. It boasts stimulating and tonic properties that contribute to resistance to **fatigue**.

FORMAT: 150 g

FORMULA

Ingredients: Fermented ginger rhizome (*Zingiber officinale*).

Nutritional information	Per serving 3 g	Per 100 g
Energy (kJ/kcal)	46/11	1.548/370
Fat	0,1 g	1,5 g
Saturates	0,0 g	0,0 g
Carbohydrate	2,4 g	80,0 g
Sugars	0,0 g	1,0 g
Fibre	0,0 g	0,0 g
Protein	0,2 g	8,0 g
Salt	0,0 g	0,1 g

Recommended daily dose:

1 teaspoon (3 g) per day Do not exceed the stated recommended daily dose.

Indications and uses:

- It offers neuroprotective, antioxidant and anti-inflammatory properties.
- It also has anti-diabetic properties.
- It improves intestinal villi by improving nutrient absorption.
- It helps with gastrointestinal problems.

DETAILS:

Fermented Ginger is a highly bioavailable and versatile form of this nutrient, which is admired worldwide for its health benefits and culinary use.

Its intense flavour reflects the many health benefits you will discover in the *Zingiber officinale* rhizomes. Like its botanical cousin turmeric, ginger is among the key therapeutic nutrients in both traditional Ayurvedic and Chinese medicine.

Add it to your smoothies, herbal teas, soups, stews or baked goods to enhance both their flavour and nutritional benefits.

The main benefits that are offered by fermented foods are indicated below:

- Water-soluble forms are produced, which result in improved digestion and, likewise, the acidification process results in improved mineral absorption.
- A rebalanced nutritional profile due to the reduction of sugar content and the increase in proteins and polyunsaturated fatty acids.
- Bioactive forms are created that do not require metabolisation.
- A probiotic effect is produced, which improves intestinal flora and digestibility, supplies vitamins and supports the immune system.

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- Pathogenic organisms are eliminated through bacteriocins or the lactic acid that is generated in the process, and antinutritional or potentially harmful substances are inhibited.
- Fermented foods are not only preserved for long periods of time, but they also acquire unique and enhanced organoleptic and nutritional properties.

INGREDIENTS:

FERMENTED GINGER:

Benefits of fermentation:

6-shogaol is transformed into the bioactive form 6-paradol, mimicking natural fermentation in the intestine.

Traditional use:

It is the basis of Ginger Ale, a drink of English origin that is used as a home remedy for preventing or relieving motion sickness, upset stomachs and even sore throats, some women use it to combat nausea during pregnancy⁽¹⁾.

Health applications:

Neuroprotective^{(2-3),} antioxidant⁽⁴⁾, anti-inflammatory⁽⁴⁾, anti-diabetic⁽⁵⁾ properties. It is also able to improve intestinal villi by improving nutrient absorption and gastrointestinal problems⁽⁶⁻⁷⁾.

References

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